## In the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Please amend claims 1 through 5, and 12 through 15 as follows. Please add new claims 18 through 24.

## STATUS OF CLAIMS

- 1. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a multifocal lens, comprising depositing on at least a portion of a surface of a lens substrate at least one layer of a surface forming amount of a <u>an inorganic</u> high refractive index material, wherein the material is deposited under conditions suitable to form on the lens substrate surface a near vision zone, an intermediate vision zone, or a combination thereof.
- 2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>inorganic</u> high refractive index material is deposited under conditions suitable to form the near vision zone and the intermediate vision zone.
- 3. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>inorganic</u> high refractive index material is deposited on the entire surface of the lens substrate.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the <u>inorganic</u> high refractive index material is deposited on the entire surface of the lens substrate.
- 5. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, 2, 3, or 4, wherein the <u>inorganic</u> high refractive index material is selected from the group consisting of Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, SiO<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>, Cr<sub>2</sub>O, Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, MgO, In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SnO<sub>2</sub>, HfO<sub>2</sub>, Y<sub>2</sub>O, diamond, diamond-like carbon, nitride and combinations thereof, wherein x is about 0 to about 2 and y is about 0 to about 1.33.



- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein the deposition is carried out so that a refractive index modulation is formed.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein the deposition is carried out so that a refractive index gradient is formed.
- 8. (original) A multifocal lens produced by the method of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4.
- 9. (original) A multifocal lens produced by the method of claim 5.
- 10. (original) A multifocal lens produced by the method of claim 6.
- 11. (original) A multifocal lens produced by the method of claim 7.
- 12. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a lens capable of correcting at least one higher order ocular aberration, comprising depositing on at least a portion of a surface of a lens substrate at least one layer of a surface forming amount of a <u>an</u> inorganic high refractive index material, wherein the material is deposited under conditions suitable to form a surface capable of correcting the at least one higher order optical aberration.
- 13. (currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the <u>inorganic</u> high refractive index material is deposited on the entire surface of the lens substrate.
- 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the <u>inorganic</u> high refractive index material is deposited on the entire surface of the lens substrate.
- 15. (currently amended) The method of claim 12, 13, or 14, wherein the <u>inorganic</u> high refractive index material is selected from the group consisting of Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, SiO<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>, Cr<sub>2</sub>O, Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, MgO, In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SnO<sub>2</sub>, HfO<sub>2</sub>, Y<sub>2</sub>O, diamond,

diamond-like carbon, nitride and combinations thereof, wherein x is about 0 to about 2 and y is about 0 to about 1.33.

- 16. (original) A multifocal lens produced by the method of claim 12, 13 or 14.
- 17. (original) A multifocal lens produced by the method of claim 15.
- 18. (new) A multifocal lens, comprising a substrate and at least one layer of a surface forming amount of an inorganic high refractive index material deposited on at least a portion of a surface of the substrate, wherein the inorganic high refractive index material forms a near vision zone, an intermediate vision zone, or a combination thereof
- 19. (new) The lens of claim 18, wherein the inorganic high refractive index material is deposited on the entire surface of the lens substrate.
- 20. (new) The lens of claim 18 or 19, wherein the inorganic\_high refractive index material is selected from the group consisting of Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, SiO<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>, Cr<sub>2</sub>O, Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, MgO, In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SnO<sub>2</sub>, HfO<sub>2</sub>, Y<sub>2</sub>O, diamond, diamond-like carbon, nitride and combinations thereof, wherein x is about 0 to about 2 and y is about 0 to about 1.33.
- 21. (new) The lens of claim 20, wherein the inorganic high refractive index material forms a refractive index modulation.
- 22. (new) The lens of claim 20, wherein the inorganic high refractive index material deposition forms a refractive index gradient.
- 23. (new) The lens of claim 18, wherein the multifocal lens is a progressive addition lens.

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24. (new) The lens of claim 20, wherein the multifocal lens is a progressive addition lens.